



Freeman's Curriculum Statement

Our Vision:

At Freeman's Endowed C.E Junior Academy, we aim to teach an ambitious, high-quality and enriching curriculum that enables all children to reach their full potential. Our curriculum prepares our students with the knowledge and skills for their future learning. Our school is a place where we learn how to love God, one another and ourselves through our School and Christian values and this ensures our children leave our school as role-models for society as everyone aspires for excellence.

Our Pathway:

Working together as one, through the affirmation of God's love within a distinctively Christian ethos, we aim to:

Educate for:

- Wisdom and Knowledge
- Hope and Aspiration
- Community and Living Well Together
- Dignity and Respect and
- Promote a positive, open and honest culture which embraces and nurtures these. We ensure our Academy is inclusive, serving the local community, welcoming all: children of the Christian faith, of other faiths or of no faith.

Inclusivity:

We ensure our curriculum is accessible to all.

Curriculum Intent:

In our Trust the curriculum is broadly defined as the knowledge students are expected to learn (including spiritual, moral, social and cultural) through the totality of experiences provided in our children's primary schooling. By knowledge we mean facts, concepts and rules (declarative knowledge: to know that...), and procedural knowledge (to know how....) acquired through experience and /or education.

The curriculum lies at the heart of education at Freeman's Endowed C.E Junior Academy. It therefore determines what our learners will become, what they will know and understand, and what they will be able to do by the time they leave.

Bearing in mind the definition of knowledge above, we aim for our knowledge-rich curriculum to enable:

- (i) Sustained mastery (and a greater understanding for those who are capable) of subject specific key knowledge that we want the children to acquire;
- (ii) Sustained mastery of knowledge that pupils will need to be able to make sense of the world by providing rich cultural capital.

We deliver the National Curriculum 2014 throughout Key Stage 2 providing pupils with 'an introduction to the essential knowledge that they need to be educated citizens and to the best that has been thought and said, helping to engender an appreciation of human creativity and achievement'.





We regard the curriculum as the progression model. We focus on knowledge progression mainly through subject specific models within the context of themes or topics. Hence, our aim is for the curriculum in our Academy to be coherently planned, organised and structured with key concepts identified and prioritised, built upon and revisited.

Whilst we ensure that there is a broad and rich curriculum delivered across our Academy, we prioritise and regard the mastering of foundational knowledge as crucial in the younger years. Reading and vocabulary development is an integral part of our curriculum. We aim to develop Tier 1, 2 and 3 vocabulary (Isabel Beck 2002). Pupils from all backgrounds, including those who are disadvantaged, are provided with the tools to access a broad curriculum within a language rich environment.

We also aim for our curriculum to develop attitudes, attributes and dispositions which enable our children to:

- (i) develop as confident, responsible citizens;
- (ii) be prepared for future learning e.g. resilience, perseverance and a growth mind-set.

Key principles of curriculum design are illustrated below:

A curriculum breathes life into a school's or teacher's philosophy of education; it is purpose enacted.

Different philosophies of education — personal empowerment; cultural transmission; preparation for work or preparation for citizenship — place different emphasis on aspects of curriculum design. Curriculum design involves seven key principles which operate in tension with each other.



BALANCED

Promotes intellectual, moral, spiritual, aesthetic, creative, emotional and physical development as equally important.



RIGOROUS

Seeks to develop intra-disciplinary habits of mind; the subject matter is taught in a way that is faithful to its discipline.



COHEREN.

Makes explicit connections and links between the different subjects/ experiences encountered.



VERTICALLY INTEGRATED

Focuses on progression by carefully sequencing knowledge; provides clarity about what getting better at the subject means.



APPROPRIAT

Looks to avoid making unreasonable demands by matching level of challenge to a pupil's current level of maturity/knowledge.



FOCUSE

Seeks to keep the curriculum manageable by teaching the most important knowledge; identifies the big ideas or key concepts within a subject.



RFI FVA NT

Seeks to connect the valued outcomes of a curriculum to the pupils being taught it; provides opportunities for pupils to make informed choices.

Wiliam D. (2013) Principled Curriculum Design (Designed by Oliver Caviglioli)

Curriculum Implementation:

'Learning is defined as an alteration in long-term memory. If nothing has been altered in long-term memory then nothing has been learned.'

Sweller et al. 2011





In line with cognitive load theory we aim, through our teaching, to develop understanding by building well-developed schema: well organised, connected knowledge as opposed to a handful of unconnected facts. We, therefore, favour spaced and distributed learning, where knowledge is rehearsed for short periods over a longer period of time. We aim to ensure retrieval practice is built in to strengthen memory by:

- Providing overviews;
- Outlining content to be covered and signalling transitions between different parts of the lesson;
- Calling attention to main ideas;
- Providing daily, weekly and monthly reviews;
- Re-teaching when necessary.

We regard teaching as effective when underpinned by Rosenshine's 'Principles of Instruction' (see the Trust's Teaching and Learning statement). Effective questioning, effective use of formative assessment and adaptive, responsive teaching are regarded as key.

We regard the following teachers' knowledge as essential:

- pedagogical knowledge: teachers' knowledge of effective teaching methods;
- content knowledge: teachers' subject knowledge;
- pedagogical content knowledge: teachers' knowledge of how to teach the particular subject / topic e.g. knowing the misconceptions that arise prior to teaching specific key knowledge.

Leadership of the curriculum is distributed within our academies. Subject leaders are given the autonomy to lead on their specific subject curriculum within the shared vision and accountability framework of the school.

Curriculum Impact:

We measure this by the extent to which our aims, curriculum defined end points and strong outcomes are achieved as a result of our curriculum intent and implementation. The vast majority of our pupils will have sustained mastery of key, detailed knowledge identified and some children will have a greater depth of understanding.

'If a student has learnt the curriculum, they have made progress.' Michael Fordham